## We claim:

1. A compound of the following formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R1 is phenyl or thien-2-yl, each optionally substituted;

L is a covalent bond,  $-CH_2O_7$ ,  $-C(O)_7$ , or  $-C(=N-OCH_3)_7$ ; and

 ${\sf R}^{\sf 5}$  is -halo or -OR  $^{\sf 10}$  wherein  ${\sf R}^{\sf 10}$  is phenyl, pyridinyl, or quinolinyl, each optionally substituted,

provided that when L is -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, R<sup>5</sup> is not -F or p-nitrophenyl.

- 2. The compound according to claim 1 wherein the substituents are independently selected from -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, and halo.
- 3. The compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is unsubstituted.
- 4. The compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is selected from:

F	0-\NO2	o-{co₂-	0	·-
0	O-CO <sub>2</sub> -	o-⟨_N		o—
s—F	0-{\rightarrow_n\r	0 F F	C Z	0 F F
F 0 F	O	O—N	and	.H.

5. The compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup>-L and R<sup>5</sup> are selected from the following combinations:

R¹-L-	R <sup>5</sup>
CH₂-O-	PNP
€ CH <sub>2</sub> -O-	o-{\( \)
CH₂-0-	0- <del></del>
s	PNP
S II MeO - N	o-{
S II MeO N	o-(
s II MeO·N	o———
s II	PNP
—————————————————————————————————————	s—F
—————————————————————————————————————	0-{\rightarrow\nimex_N
\s\_\s\_	PNP

R¹-L-	R⁵	
S II MeO N	0 F F	
— CH₂-O-		
$\sqrt{s}$	F F F	
s II MeO.'N	0—————————————————————————————————————	
<b>(</b>	F F	
s	O O	
and		
S MeO.N	-ОН	

- 6. The compound according to claim 1 wherein the phosphonate moiety is replaced with a thiophosphonate moiety, provided that when R¹-L- is benzyloxy, R⁵ is not -O-PNP.
- 7. A compound of formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^1$  is

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$$CI$$
 or  $CI$ 

 $R^3$  is -H or -CO<sub>2</sub> $R^9$ , wherein  $R^9$  is -C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl;  $R^6$  is -L<sup>1</sup>-A-(L<sup>2</sup>-B)<sub>s</sub>, wherein

L1 is C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl optionally mono- to per-halogenated;

A is C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

L<sup>2</sup> is a covalent bond or  $(C_0-C_3-hydrocarbyl)-X^1-(C_0-C_3-hydrocarbyl)$ , wherein  $X^1$  is - C(O)-, -NH-, -NH-C(O)-, -C(O)-NH-, or heteroaryl;

B is -H, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl; and

s is 0 or 1;

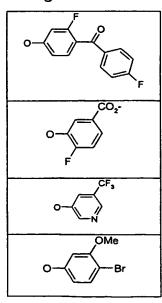
wherein when s is 0,  $(L^2-B)_s$  is -H or halo, and A and B are independently optionally substituted with 1-3 moieties independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CN, -C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, or -C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-hydrocarbyl-Y-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-hydrocarbyl) wherein Y is a covalent bond, -O-C(O)-, -C(O)-, -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -C(O)-NH-, or -NH-C(O)-; and each alkyl moiety is optionally mono- to per-halogenated.

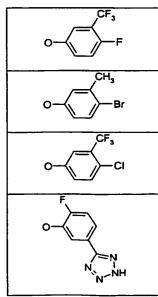
8. The compound according to claim 7 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is H and R<sup>1</sup> is

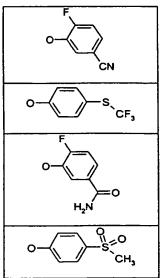
9. The compound according to claim 7 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is -CO<sub>2</sub>Et and R<sup>1</sup> is

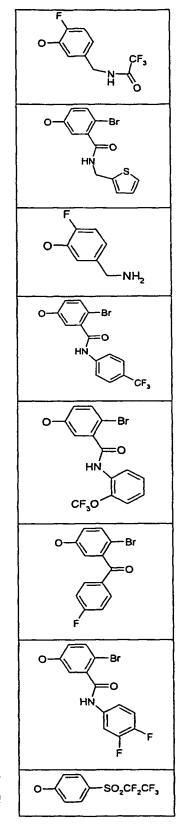
10. The compound according to claim 7 wherein L<sup>1</sup> is -0- and A is phenyl or pyridinyl, each optionally substituted, R<sup>3</sup> is H and R<sup>1</sup> is

- 11. The compound according to claim 10 wherein A is pyridin-3-yl.
- 12. The compound according to claim 11 wherein s is 0.
- 13. The compound according to claim 11 wherein s is 1 and L<sup>2</sup> is -C(O)-, -C(O)NH-, -NH-, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, or 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl and B is phenyl, pyridinyl, cyclopropyl, or thienyl, wherein B is optionally substituted.
- 14. The compound according to claim 13 wherein the substituents on the A and B rings are independently selected from -F, -Cl, -Br, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -C(O)O-CH<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CN, -C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, -S-CF<sub>3</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>.
- 15. The compound according to claim 8 wherein one or both of the following are true:
  - a. A is selected from phenyl and pyridinyl;
  - b. B is selected from phenyl, tetraazolyl, cyclopropyl, pyridinyl, and thienyl.
- 16. The compound according to to claim 9, wherein R<sup>6</sup> is phenyl or p-nitro phenyl.
- 17. The compound according to claim 8 selected from those in which -O-R<sup>6</sup> is

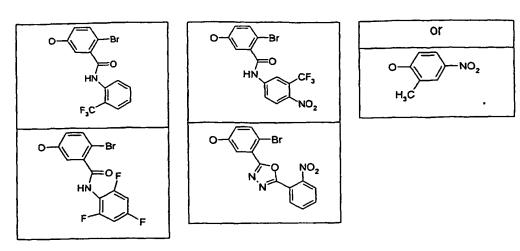








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## 18. A compound of formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein  $R^1$  is

optionally substituted with 1-3 moieties independently selected from the group consisting of -F, -Cl, -Br, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -C(O)O-CH<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, -CN, -C(O)NH<sub>2</sub>, -S-CF<sub>3</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>;  $R^6$  is  $L^1$ -A( $L^2$ -B)<sub>s</sub>, wherein

L<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl optionally mono- to per-halogenated;

A is C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

 $L^2$  is a covalent bond or ( $C_0$ - $C_3$ -hydrocarbyl)- $X^1$ -( $C_0$ - $C_3$ -hydrocarbyl), wherein  $X^1$  is -C(0)-, -NH-, -NH-C(0)-, -C(0)-NH-, or heteroaryl;

B is -H,  $C_3$ -C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl; and s is 0 or 1;

wherein when s is 0,  $(L^2-B)_s$  is -H or halo, and A and B are independently optionally substituted with 1-3 moieties independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CN, -C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, or -C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-hydrocarbyl-Y-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-hydrocarbyl) wherein Y is a covalent bond, -O-C(O)-, -C(O)-, -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -C(O)-NH-, or -NH-C(O)-; and each alkyl moiety is optionally mono- to per-halogenated.

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The compound according to claim 18 wherein R<sup>6</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted with 1-3 moieties independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CN, -C(O)-NH<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>, or -C<sub>0</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-hydrocarbyl-Y-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-hydrocarbyl), wherein Y is a covalent bond, -O-C(O)-, -C(O)-, -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -C(O)-NH-, or -NH-C(O)-, and each alkyl moiety is optionally monoto per-halogenated.

- 20. The compound according to claim 19 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is optionally substituted with 1 or 2 moieties independently selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl.
- 21. The compound according to claim 20 wherein R1 is

- 22. The compound according to claim 19 wherein R<sup>6</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted with 1 or 2 moieties independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF<sub>3</sub>, and CN.
- 23. The compound according to claim 22 wherein the compound is selected from those in which -O-R<sup>6</sup> is;

$$O \longrightarrow CN$$
 or  $O \longrightarrow CF_3$ 

24. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

25. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

26. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

27. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

28. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

29. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

30. The compound according to claim 18 having the structure:

- 31. A composition comprising the compound according to any one of claims 1 to 30 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 32. A method of inhibiting β-lactamase, the method comprising contacting a cell with a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 30.